

New for 2023

Added

- A direct reference code, Z51.5, for an encounter for palliative care
- Frailty exclusion now requires 2 different dates of service during the measurement year

Updated

• Members who died during the measurement year is now a required exclusion

Clarified

· An eye exam result listed as 'unknown' is considered non-compliant



Definition

Percentage of members ages 18-75 with diabetes (Types 1 and 2) who had any one of the following:

- Retinal or dilated eye exam by an optometrist or ophthalmologist in the measurement year
- · Negative retinal or dilated eye exam by an optometrist or ophthalmologist in the year prior to the measurement year
- · Bilateral eye enucleations any time during their history through Dec. 31 of the measurement year

Plan(s) Affected	Quality Program(s) Affected	Collection and Reporting Method
Commercial	CMS Star Ratings	Hybrid
 Exchange/Marketplace 	CMS Quality Rating System	Claim/Encounter Data
Medicaid	NCQA Accreditation	Medical Record Documentation
 Medicare 	NCQA Health Plan Ratings	
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Codes

The following codes can be used to close HEDIS® numerator gaps in care; they are not intended to be a directive of your billing practice

Category 1 Coding Criteria: Any Provider

Eye Exam with Evidence of Retinopathy Value Set, Eye Exam Without Evidence of Retinopathy Value Set or Automated Eye Exam Value Set **billed** by **ANY PROVIDER** during MY

Eye Exam without Evidence of Retinopathy Value Set billed by ANY PROVIDER during PY

Diabetic Eye Exam without Evidence of Retinopathy in Prior Year

CPT®/CPT II 3072F

Diabetic Eye Exam without Evidence of Retinopathy

CPT®/CPT II 2023F, 2025F, 2033F

Diabetic Eye Exam with Evidence of Retinopathy

CPT®/CPT II 2022F, 2024F, 2026F

Automated Eye Exam (Imaging of retina)

CPT®/CPT II 92229

(Codes continued)



Codes (continued)

The following codes can be used to close HEDIS® numerator gaps in care; they are not intended to be a directive of your billing practice.

Category 2 Coding Criteria: Eye Care Professional

Diabetic Retinal Screening Value Set billed by an EYE CARE PROFESSIONAL during MY

Diabetic Retinal Screening Value Set billed by an **EYE CARE PROFESSIONAL** during PY *with* a diagnosis of diabetes without complications (Diabetes Mellitus Without Complications Value Set)

Diabetic Eye Exam		
CPT®/CPT II	67028, 67030, 67031, 67036, 67039, 67040, 67041, 67042, 67043, 67101, 67105, 67107, 67108, 67110, 67113, 67121, 67141, 67145, 67208, 67210, 67218, 67220, 67221, 67227, 67228, 92002, 92004, 92012, 92014, 92018, 92019, 92134, 92201, 92202, 92225, 92226, 92227, 92228, 92230, 92235, 92240, 92250, 92260, 99203, 99204, 99205, 99213, 99214, 99215, 99242, 99243, 99245	
HCPCS	S0620, S0621, S3000	
SNOMED	274795007, 274798009, 308110009, 314971001, 314972008, 410451008, 410452001, 410453006, 410455004, 425816006, 427478009, 722161008	
Dishetes Mellitus without Complications		

Diabetes Mellitus without Complications		
ICD-10 Diagnosis	E10.9, E11.9, E13.9	
SNOMED	111552007, 190412005, 313435000, 313436004, 1481000119100, 31321000119102	

Unilateral Eye Enucleation	
CPT®/CPT II	65091, 65093, 65101, 65103, 65105, 65110, 65112, 65114
SNOMED	59590004, 172132001, 205336009, 397800002, 397994004, 398031005

Unilateral Eye Enucleation – Left

ICD-10 Procedure 08T1XZZ

Unilateral Eye Enucleation – Right

ICD-10 Procedure 08T0XZZ

Bilateral Modifier

CPT Modifier 50



Required Exclusion(s)

Exclusion	Timeframe
 Members in hospice or using hospice services Members receiving palliative care Members who died Medicare members ages 66 and older as of December 31 of the measurement year who are either: Enrolled in an Institutional Special Needs Plan (I-SNP) Living long term in an institution* 	Any time during the measurement year
Members who have no diagnosis of diabetes and have a diagnosis of polycystic ovarian syndrome, gestational diabetes or steroid-induced diabetes	During the measurement year or year prior
Members ages 66 and older as of December 31 of the measurement year who had at least 2 diagnoses of frailty on different dates of service and advanced illness.* Advanced illness is indicated by one of the following:	Frailty diagnoses must be in the measurement year and on different dates of service
 Two or more outpatient, observation, emergency room, telephone, e-visits, virtual check-ins or non-acute inpatient encounters or discharge(s)on separate dates of service with a diagnosis of advanced illness 	Advanced illness diagnosis must be in the measurement year or year prior to the measurement year
 One or more acute inpatient encounter(s) with a diagnosis of advanced illness 	
 One or more acute inpatient discharge(s) with a diagnosis of advanced illness on the discharge claim 	
 Dispensed a dementia medication: Donepezil, Donepezil-memantine, galantamine, rivastigmine or memantine 	



Important Notes

•	Members without retinopathy	
	should have an eye exam every	
	2 years	

Members with retinopathy should have an eye exam every year.

Test, Service or Procedure to Close Care Opportunity

- Bilateral eye enucleation or acquired absence of both eyes
- Dilated or retinal eye exam
- Fundus photography

Medical Record Detail Including, But Not Limited To

- · Consultation reports
- · Diabetic flow sheets
- Eye exam report
- Progress notes

^{*}Supplemental and medical record data may <u>not</u> be used for the frailty with advanced illness or institutional living exclusions.



Tips and Best Practices to Help Close This Care Opportunity

- Please check your Patient Care Opportunity Report (PCOR) often to see members with open care opportunities. If you have questions, your UnitedHealthcare representative can help.
- Always list the date of service, test, result and eye care
 professional's name and credentials together if you're
 documenting the history of a dilated eye exam in a
 member's chart and don't have the eye exam report
 from an eye care professional.
 - For example: "Last diabetic eye exam with John Smith, OD, was June 201X with no retinopathy."
- Documentation of a diabetic eye exam by an optometrist or ophthalmologist isn't specific enough to meet the criteria. The medical record must indicate that a <u>dilated</u> <u>or retinal exam</u> was performed. If the words "dilated" or "retinal" are missing in the medical record, a notation of "dilated drops used" and findings for macula and vessels will meet the criteria for a dilated exam.
- If history of a dilated retinal eye exam and result is in your progress notes, please ensure that a date of service, the test or result, and the care provider's credentials are documented. The care provider must be an optometrist or ophthalmologist, and including only the date of the progress note will not count.
- A slit-lamp examination will not meet the criteria for the dilated eye exam measure. There must be additional documentation of dilation or evidence that the retina was examined for a slit-lamp exam to be considered compliant.
- A chart or photograph of retinal abnormalities indicating the date when the fundus photography was performed and evidence that an optometrist or ophthalmologist reviewed the results will be compliant.

- Alternatively, results may be read by:
 - A qualified reading center that operates under the direction of a medical director who is a retinal specialist.
 - A system that provides artificial intelligence (Al) interpretation
- If a copy of the fundus photography is included in your medical record it must include results, date and signature of the reading eye care professional for compliance
- To be reimbursable, billing of fundus photography code 92250 must be submitted globally by an optometrist or ophthalmologist and meet disease state criteria.
- Documentation of hypertensive retinopathy should be considered the same as diabetic retinopathy.
- If your office submits CCDs to UnitedHealthcare via our clinical data exchange program, please ensure the CCD function within your EMR system is set up to send CPT II Codes in the extract.
- The use of CPT® Category II codes helps
 UnitedHealthcare identify clinical outcomes such as diabetic retinal screening with an eye care professional.
 It can also reduce the need for some chart review.
- Dilated retinal eye exams with results can be accepted as supplemental data, reducing the need for some chart review. Please contact your UnitedHealthcare representative to discuss clinical data exchange opportunities.